

Annex A: 2023 Results Framework

Outcome 1 Summary table

Outcome Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
Indicator 1.1 Laws and policies on VAWG/HP in place that adequately respond to the rights of all women and girls, including exercise/access to SRHR, and are in line with international HR standards and treaty bodies' recommendations.	Legal age of Marriage				
	0.75	0.5	0.5	0.25	Despite the legal age for marriage set at 18 all Central Asian countries allow reduction of the minimum age to 17 in the so-called exceptional circumstances providing a window of opportunity for the practice of the early marriage.
	Parental Authority in Marriage				
	0	0	0	0	
	Parental Authority in Divorce				
	0	0	0	0	
	Inheritance rights of Widows				
	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	
	Inheritance rights of Daughters				
	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	Customary laws and traditions in Tajikistan, Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan do not allow daughters to inherit the real estate of parents as they usually get married and join family of husband.
Laws on Domestic Violence					
0.5	0.5	0.5	0.25	Despite some notable changes in the legislation on DV they fall short of enforcement practice, lack major definitions such as marital rape (IPV), other types of violence e.g. cyber violence, and fail to recognise DV as a distinct for of SGBV	
Laws on Rape					
0.75	0.75	0.75	0.5	Existing laws on rape/sexual sexual violence although exist do not incorporate consent and/or marital rape (IPV) into their legal frameworks to be in line with modern international norms . In addition they do not cover the full range of circumstances "which could prevent a victim from being able to express their consent or dissent, such as an abuse of trust and authority and situations of dependence."	
Laws on Sexual Harassment					
1	0.75	0.75	0.75	In 2023, Uzbekistan adopted amendments to Civil Code stipulating a system of penalties for sexual harassment. In the absence of sexual harassment as a legal category Kazakhstan has started consultations on this topic. Kyrgyzstan has a law on equal rights and opportunities, 2008 (amended 2011) which lacks law enforcement practice. In Tajikistan, the law on rape may be applied in cases of harassment but is restricted for minors, the specific law has been under discussion.	
Indicator 1.3 Laws and policies are in place that guarantee the ability of women's rights groups, autonomous social movements, CSOs and women human rights defenders/feminist activists to advance the human rights agenda.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Outcome 2 Summary table

Outcome Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
Indicator 2.1 Existence of a functioning regional, national and/or sub-national coordination and oversight mechanisms at the highest levels for addressing VAWG/HP that include representation from marginalized groups.	Coordination Mechanism?				
	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Indicator 2.3 Extent to which VAWG/HP is integrated in 5 other sectors (health, social services, education, justice, security, culture) development plans that are evidence-based and in line with globally agreed standards.	Health				
	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
	Education				
	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
	Justice				
	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
	Security				
	Low	Low	Low	Medium	
Social Services					
Low	Low	Low	Medium		
Culture					
Low	Low	Low	Medium		
Output Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
Indicator 2.1.2 Internal and external accountability mechanisms within relevant government institutions in place to monitor GEWE and VAW/HP.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Outcome 5 Summary table

Outcome Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
	Prevalence				
Indicator 5.1 Existence of globally comparable data on the prevalence (and incidence, where appropriate) of VAWG/HP, collected over time	No	No	No	Yes	Our focus has been on enhancing the capacity of regional partners to collect and analyze data on violence, as outlined in the final report. Sixty-six specialists underwent the KNowVAW data course, empowering them to measure and analyze violence data by international standards (with 13 receiving certificates from Melbourne University). While this expertise hasn't been fully utilized, hindering us from acknowledging the reach of the target support was provided toward this indicator.
	Incidence				
	No	No	No	Yes	
Output Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
Indicator 5.1.2 A system to collect administrative data on VAWG/HP, is in place and in line with international standards, across different sectors	No	No	No	Yes	Our focus has been on enhancing the capacity of regional partners to collect and analyze data on violence, as outlined in the final report. Sixty-six specialists underwent the KNowVAW data course, empowering them to measure and analyze violence data by international standards (with 13 receiving certificates from Melbourne University). While this expertise hasn't been fully utilized, hindering us from acknowledging the reach of the target support was provided toward this indicator.

Outcome 6 Summary table

Outcome Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
Indicator 6.1 Number of women's rights organisations, autonomous social movements and relevant CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination/marginalization, increase their coordinated efforts to jointly advocate on ending VAWG	0	660	1290	200	- 15 meetings/focus groups involving 135 grassroots CSOs to pilot tools for engaging grassroots CSOs - 2.CSO Dialogue Platforms Project: This project encompasses nine online discussions, with three meetings or discussions for three thematic areas: a) Advocacy Dialogue Platform on Legal Reform), b) Dialogue Platform: Institutional Strengthening, c) Practical Approach to Data for Inclusive Representation of Diverse Women's Interests (LNOB): Closing Data Gaps. In total, we expect to engage 300 representatives of CSOs, experts, and activists. - 3.CSO Regional Forum: We anticipate the participation of up to 100 CSOs in the offline format and 100 in the online format during the forum. The total of 25 youth organisations took part in the advocacy events in 2023
Indicator 6.3 Number of women's rights organisations, autonomous social movements and CSOs, including those representing youth and groups facing multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination/marginalization, report having greater influence and agency to work on ending VAWG	0	660	888	34	
Output Indicator	Baseline	Results for Reporting Period (2023)	Cumulative	Target	Reporting Notes
Indicator 6.1.4 Number of women's rights groups, networks and relevant CSOs with strengthened capacities to network, partner and jointly advocate for progress on ending VAWG at local, national, regional and global levels, within the last year.	0	320	443	228	- 15 national-level meetings that brought together more than 200 Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) and initiative groups, involving over 450 individuals, and - two regional online events with participation of 80 CSO representatives and 40 stakeholder representatives